



# Corning® Semiconductor Glass Wafers

## Bow, Warp, and Total Thickness Variation (TTV) Definitions and Method of Measurement

### Definitions

<p><b>Bow</b></p> <p>A - Reported BOW B - Least Squares Spherical Fit C - Intersecting Plane</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>BOW = A</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A least squares spherical fit <b>(B)</b> is applied to the shape of the unclamped (free state) wafer.</li> <li>• A second plane <b>(C)</b> is applied across the edge of the wafer as an intersecting plane to the spherical fit.</li> <li>• Bow <b>A</b> is the distance between <b>(B)</b> and <b>(C)</b> at the center point of the wafer.</li> <li>• Bow is reported as either negative (concave shape) or positive (convex shape).</li> </ul>
<p><b>Warp (Flatness)</b></p> <p>A - Max B - Min C - Least Squares Focal Plane</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A least squares focal plane <b>(C)</b> is applied to the shape of an unclamped (free state) wafer.</li> <li>• Warp (Flatness) is the maximum distance between the highest point <b>(A)</b> and lowest point <b>(B)</b> from the least squares focal plane <b>(C)</b>.</li> <li>• Measurements are always positive.</li> <li>• Warp uses the entire surface of the wafer instead of just the position at the center point and is a more useful measurement of true wafer shape compared to Bow.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Total Thickness Variation (TTV)</b></p> <p>A - Maximum Thickness (Tmax) B - Minimum Thickness (Tmin)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>TTV = Tmax-Tmin</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Thickness Variation (TTV) is the difference between the highest (Tmax) and lowest (Tmin) elevation on the entire surface of the unclamped (free state) wafer.</li> </ul>

# Method of Measurement

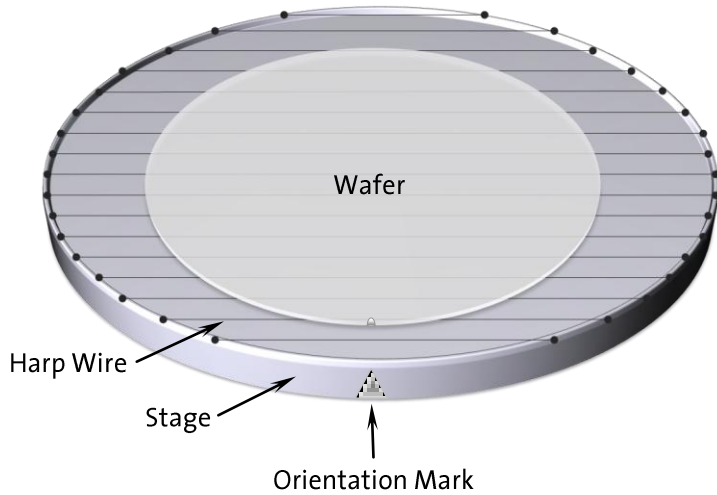
## Measurement System and Method

Tropel® Flatmaster® MSP Wafer Analysis System by frequency scanning interferometry

## Sample Method

### Fixturing

- Wafers are suspended horizontal on a harp wire stage in an unclamped “free state”.
- Wafers featuring a notch or flat are orientated facing forward.
- Wafers with additional laser marking have marked side facing up.
- Bare wafers (no notch, flat or laser mark) are random oriented.



### Measurement

- Wafers are measured single side.

## Performance

- Single measurement provides a full surface scan of wafer form and thickness simultaneously based on 3.1 million data points per measurement.
- Data Analysis can include 3-D, contour, slice and wafer analysis plots.

Warp (Flatness)

TTV - Thickness

